

兔抗 SPAM1 多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 SPAM1 多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-SPAM1 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别 名: HYA1; PH20; HYAL1; HYAL3; HYAL5; PH-20; SPAG15; HEL-S-96n

相关类别: 一抗

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃)

抗 原: SPAM1

宿 主: Rabbit

反应种属: Human

标 记 物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: Unconjugate

技术规格

Background:

Hyaluronidase degrades hyaluronic acid, a major structu ral proteoglycan found in extracellular matrices and bas ement membranes. Six members of the hyaluronidase f amily are clustered into two tightly linked groups on c hromosome 3p21.3 and 7q31.3. This gene was previously referred to as HYAL1 and HYA1 and has since been assigned the official symbol SPAM1; another family member on chromosome 3p21.3 has been assigned HYAL1. This gene encodes a GPI-anchored enzyme located on the human sperm surface and inner acrosomal membrane. This multifunctional protein is a hyaluronidase that



Analications	enables sperm to penetrate through the hyaluronic acid -rich cumulus cell layer surrounding the oocyte, a recep tor that plays a role in hyaluronic acid induced cell sig naling, and a receptor that is involved in sperm-zona p ellucida adhesion. Abnormal expression of this gene in tumors has implicated this protein in degradation of ba sement membranes leading to tumor invasion and met astasis. Multiple transcript variants encoding different is oforms have been found for this gene.
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	SPAM1
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human SPAM1
Full name:	sperm adhesion molecule 1 (PH-20 hyaluronidase, zona pellucida binding)
Synonyms :	HYA1; PH20; HYAL1; HYAL3; HYAL5; PH-20; SPAG15; HE L-S-96n
SwissProt:	P38567
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human cervical cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	10-50





