

全国订货电话 4008-723-722

## THEM5 抗原(重组蛋白)

- 中文名称: THEM5 抗原(重组蛋白)
- 英文名称: THEM5 Antigen (Recombinant Protein)
- 别名: ACOT15
- 储存: 冷冻 (-20℃)
- 相关类别: 抗原

概述

Full length fusion protein

技术规格

Full name:	thioesterase superfamily member 5
Synonyms:	ACOT15
Swissprot:	Q8N1Q8
Gene Accession:	BC112239
Purity:	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
Expression system:	Escherichia coli
Tags:	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
Background:	THEM5 (thioesterase superfamily member 5) is a 247 amino acid pro tein that belongs to the thioesterase superfamily. The gene that enc odes THEM5 contains nearly 8,000 bases and maps to human chrom osome 1q21.3. Chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome sp anning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the hum an genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and co nsidering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria is associated with the LMNA ge ne which encodes lamin A. When defective, the LMNA gene product



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can build up in the nucleus and cause characteristic nuclear blebs. T he mechanism of rapidly enhanced aging is unclear and is a topic o f continuing exploration. The MUTYH gene is located on chromosom e 1 and is partially responsible for familial adenomatous polyposis. S tickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome a re also associated with chromosome 1. Has acyl-CoA thioesterase act ivity towards long-chain (C16 and C18) fatty acyl-CoA substrates, wit h a preference for linoleyl-CoA and other unsaturated long-chain fatt y acid-CoA esters. Plays an important role in mitochondrial fatty acid metabolism, and in remodeling of the mitochondrial lipid cardiolipin. Required for normal mitochondrial function.