

小鼠抗 SKIL 单克隆抗体

- 中文名称: 小鼠抗 SKIL 单克隆抗体
- 英文名称: Anti-SKIL mouse monoclonal antibody
- 别 名: SNO; SnoA; SnoI; SnoN
- 抗 原: SKIL
- 储 存:冷冻(-20℃) 避光
- 宿 主: Mouse
- 反应种属: Human, Dog, Rat, Monkey, Mouse
- 相关类别: 一抗
- 标记物: Unconjugate
- 克隆类型: mouse monoclonal

技术规格

Background:	The protein encoded by this gene is a component of the S MAD pathway, which regulates cell growth and differentiatio n through transforming growth factor-beta (TGFB). In the a bsence of ligand, the encoded protein binds to the promot er region of TGFB-responsive genes and recruits a nuclear r epressor complex. TGFB signaling causes SMAD3 to enter th e nucleus and degrade this protein, allowing these genes to be activated. Four transcript variants encoding three differen t isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by Ref Seq, Oct 2011].
Applications:	WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	SKIL
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human SKIL

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Full name:	SKI-like proto-oncogene (SKIL), transcript variant 1
Synonyms:	SNO; SnoA; SnoI; SnoN
SwissProt:	P12757
IHC positive control:	human colon tissue and human liver tissue; adenocarcinoma of human ovary tissue and adenocarcinoma of human endo metrium tissue
IHC Recommend dilution:	30-150
WB Predicted band size:	77 kDa
WB Positive control:	HepG2, Hela, SVT2, A549, COS7, Jurkat, MDCK, PC12, MCF-7 cell lysates
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000