

DTX3L 抗原(重组蛋白)

中文名称: DTX3L 抗原(重组蛋白)

- 英文名称: DTX3L Antigen (Recombinant Protein)
- 储存: 冷冻(-20℃)
- 相关类别: 抗原

概述

Fusion protein corresponding to a region derived from 441-740 amino acids of human DTX3L

技术规格

Full name:	deltex E3 ubiquitin ligase 3L
Synonyms:	BBAP
Swissprot:	Q8TDB6
Gene Accession:	BC042191
Purity:	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
Expression system:	Escherichia coli
Tags:	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
Background:	The Deltex family is responsible for influencing Notch signaling and may regulate transcription through interactions with specific transcript ion factors. Deltex proteins have a basic N-terminus, a central proline -rich region and a C-terminal RING-type zinc finger domain, a motif often found in ubiquitin-protein isopeptide ligases (E3). The RING-typ e zinc finger domain binds two Zn2+ atoms and forms a cross-brace motif that is essential for many proteins involved the ubiquitination p athway. DTX3L (Deltex-3-like), also known as BBAP, is a 740 amino a cid protein that is similar to Deltex-3 and acts as a ubiquitin ligase i n vitro. DTX3L can heterodimerize with Deltex-1, a transcriptional reg ulator, thereby enhancing the activity of the E3 ubiquitin ligase comp





lex and increasing the influence of E3 on the Notch signaling pathwa

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