

## 兔抗 IRF4 多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 IRF4 多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-IRF4 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名: MUM1; LSIRF; SHEP8; NF-EM5

抗原: IRF4

储存: 冷冻 (-20℃)

宿主: Rabbit

相关类别: 一抗

反应种属: Human, Mouse

标记物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

### 技术规格

<b>Background:</b>	<p>The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the IRF (interferon regulatory factor) family of transcription factors, characterized by a unique tryptophan pentad repeat DNA-binding domain. The IRFs are important in the regulation of interferons in response to infection by virus, and in the regulation of interferon-inducible genes. This family member is lymphocyte specific and negatively regulates Toll-like-receptor (TLR) signaling that is central to the activation of innate and adaptive immune systems. A chromosomal translocation involving this gene and the IgH locus, t(6;14)(p25;q32), may be a cause of multiple myeloma. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.</p>
<b>Applications:</b>	ELISA, IHC

<b>Name of antibody:</b>	IRF4
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Fusion protein of human IRF4
<b>Full name:</b>	interferon regulatory factor 4
<b>Synonyms:</b>	MUM1; LSIRF; SHEP8; NF-EM5
<b>SwissProt:</b>	Q15306
<b>ELISA Recommended dilution:</b>	2000-5000
<b>IHC positive control:</b>	Human brain and human lung cancer
<b>IHC Recommend dilution :</b>	30-150

