

小鼠抗 AKAP12 单克隆抗体

- 中文名称: 小鼠抗 AKAP12 单克隆抗体
- 英文名称: Anti-AKAP12 mouse monoclonal antibody
- 别名: A-kinase anchoring protein 12; SSeCKS; AKAP250
- 相关类别: 一抗
- 储存: 冷冻(-20℃)
- 宿 主: Mouse
- 抗原: AKAP12
- 反应种属: Human
- 标记物: Unconjugate
- 克隆类型: mouse monoclonal

技术规格

Background:	The A-kinase anchor proteins (AKAPs) are a group of st ructurally diverse proteins, which have the common fun ction of binding to the regulatory subunit of protein ki nase A (PKA) and confining the holoenzyme to discrete locations within the cell. This gene encodes a member of the AKAP family. The encoded protein is expressed i n endothelial cells, cultured fibroblasts, and osteosarco ma cells. It associates with protein kinases A and C an d phosphatase, and serves as a scaffold protein in sign al transduction. This protein and RII PKA colocalize at t he cell periphery. This protein is a cell growth-related p rotein. Antibodies to this protein can be produced by p atients with myasthenia gravis. Alternative splicing of th is gene results in two transcript variants encoding differ ent isoforms.
Applications:	WB, IHC

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Name of antibody:	AKAP12
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human AKAP12
Full name:	A-kinase anchoring protein 12
Synonyms:	SSeCKS; AKAP250
SwissProt:	Q02952
IHC positive control:	Human spleen tissue and Human testicle tissue; Human adult heart tissue
IHC Recommend dilution:	200-500
WB Predicted band size:	191 KD
WB Positive control:	U251 and Hela cell lysates
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000