

小鼠抗 CD22 单克隆抗体

- 中文名称: 小鼠抗 CD22 单克隆抗体
- 英文名称: Anti-CD22 mouse monoclonal antibody
- 别 名: SIGLEC-2; SIGLEC2
- 抗 原: CD22
- 储 存: 冷冻 (-20℃) 避光
- 宿 主: Mouse
- 反应种属: Human, Dog, Rat, Monkey, Mouse
- 相关类别: 一抗
- 标记物: Unconjugate
- 克隆类型: mouse monoclonal

技术规格

	Mediates B-cell B-cell interactions. May be involved in the
	localization of B-cells in lymphoid tissues. Binds sialylated
	glycoproteins; one of which is CD45. Preferentially binds t
	o alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid. The sialic acid recognition si
	te can be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on
	the same cell surface. Upon ligand induced tyrosine phos
Background:	phorylation in the immune response seems to be involve
	d in regulation of B-cell antigen receptor signaling. Plays
	a role in positive regulation through interaction with Src f
	amily tyrosine kinases and may also act as an inhibitory r
	eceptor by recruiting cytoplasmic phosphatases via their S
	H2 domains that block signal transduction through depho
	sphorylation of signaling molecules.
Applications:	WB, IHC





Name of antibody:	CD22
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human CD22
Full name:	CD22 molecule (CD22), transcript variant 1
Synonyms:	SIGLEC-2; SIGLEC2
SwissProt:	P20273
IHC positive control:	human lymph node tissue
IHC Recommend dilution:	30-150
WB Predicted band size:	95 kDa
WB Positive control:	HepG2, Hela, SVT2, A549, COS7, Jurkat, MDCK, PC12, MC F-7 cell lysates
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000