

TMED2 抗原(重组蛋白)

- 中文名称: TMED2 抗原(重组蛋白)
- 英文名称: TMED2 Antigen (Recombinant Protein)

别名: transmembrane emp24 domain trafficking protein 2; p24; P24A; RNP24

- 储存: 冷冻(-20℃)
- 相关类别: 抗原

概述

Fusion protein corresponding to C terminal 181 amino acids of human TMED2

技术规格

Full name:	transmembrane emp24 domain trafficking protein 2
Synonyms:	p24; P24A; RNP24
Swissprot:	Q15363
Gene Accession:	BC025957
Purity:	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
Expression system:	Escherichia coli
Tags:	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
Background:	Involved in vesicular protein trafficking. Mainly functions in th e early secretory pathway but also in post-Golgi membranes. Thought to act as cargo receptor at the lumenal side for inco rporation of secretory cargo molecules into transport vesicles and to be involved in vesicle coat formation at the cytoplasmi c side. In COPII vesicle-mediated anterograde transport involv ed in the transport of GPI-anchored proteins and proposed to act together with TMED10 as their cargo receptor; the functio n specifically implies SEC24C and SEC24D of the COPII vesicle



全国订货电话 4008-723-722

coat and lipid raft-like microdomains of the ER. Recognizes G PI anchors structural remodeled in the ER by PGAP1 and MPP E1. In COPI vesicle-mediated retrograde transport inhibits the GTPase-activating activity of ARFGAP1 towards ARF1 thus prev enting immature uncoating and allowing cargo selection to ta ke place. Involved in trafficking of G protein-coupled receptor s (GPCRs). Regulates F2RL1, OPRM1 and P2RY4 exocytic traffic king from the Golgi to the plasma membrane thus contributin g to receptor resensitization. Facilitates CASR maturation and stabilization in the early secretory pathway and increases CAS R plasma membrane targeting. Proposed to be involved in or ganization of intracellular membranes such as the maintenanc e of the Golgi apparatus. May also play a role in the biosynth esis of secreted cargo such as eventual processing.