

SELENOP 抗原(重组蛋白)

中文名称: SELENOP 抗原(重组蛋白)

英文名称: SELENOP Antigen (Recombinant Protein)

相关类别: 抗原

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃) 避光

概述

Fusion protein corresponding to a region derived from 62-211 amino acids of human SELENOP

技术规格

Full name:	selenoprotein P
Synonyms:	SeP; SELP; SEPP; SEPP1
Swissprot:	P49908
Gene Accession:	BC058919
Purity:	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
Expression system:	Escherichia coli
Tags:	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
Background:	This gene encodes a selenoprotein that is predominantly expre ssed in the liver and secreted into the plasma. This selenoprot ein is unique in that it contains multiple selenocysteine (Sec) r esidues per polypeptide (10 in human), and accounts for most of the selenium in plasma. It has been implicated as an extrac ellular antioxidant, and in the transport of selenium to extra-h epatic tissues via apolipoprotein E receptor-2 (apoER2). Mice la cking this gene exhibit neurological dysfunction, suggesting its importance in normal brain function. Sec is encoded by the U GA codon, which normally signals translation termination. The 3' UTRs of selenoprotein mRNAs contain a conserved stem-loo



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p structure, designated the Sec insertion sequence (SECIS) element, that is necessary for the recognition of UGA as a Sec c odon, rather than as a stop signal. The mRNA for this selenop rotein contains two SECIS elements. The use of alternative pol yadenylation sites, one located in between the two SECIS elements, results in two populations of mRNAs containing either b oth (predominant) or just the upstream SECIS element (PMID:2 7881738). Alternatively spliced transcript variants have also been found for this gene.